ENGINE FAILURE TAKEOFF ROLL

1. THROTTLE	IDLE
2. BRAKES	APPLY
3. WING FLAPS	RETRACT
4. MIXTURE	IDLE/CUTOFF
5. IGNITION SWITCH	OFF
5. MASTER	OFF

ENGINE FAILURE - IMMED. AFTER TAKEOFF

1. AIRSPEED70KIAS (flaps up) 65 KIAS (flaps down)	
2. MIXTURE	IDLE CUT OFF
3. FUEL SHUTOFF VALVE	OFF (pull full out)
4. IGNITION SWITCH	OFF
5. WING FLAPS	AS REQUIRED
6. MASTER SWITCH	OFF
7. CABIN DOOR	UNLATCHED
8 I VND	STRAIGHT AHEAD

ENGINE FAILURE DURING FLIGHT

(RESTART PROCEDURES)

1. AIRSPEED	68 KIAS
2. FUEL SHUTOFF VALVE	ON (push full in)
3. FUEL SELECTOR VALVE	BOTH
4. AUX FUEL PUMP SWITCH.	ON
5. MIXTURERICH (if res	start has not occurred)
6. IGNITION SWITCHBOTH	(or START if propeller
	is stopped)

ENGINE FIRE IN FLIGHT

1. MIXTURE	IDLE CUT OFF
2. FUEL SHUTOFF VALVE	PULL OUT (OFF)
3. AUX FUEL PUMP SWITCH	HOFF
4. MASTER SWITCH	OFF
5. CABIN HEAT AND AIR	OFF (except overhead vents)
6. AIRSPEED	
(if fire is not extinguished, increase	
within airspeed limitations – which	will provide an incombustible
mixture)	

7. FORCED LANDING – EXECUTE (as described in Emergency Landing Without Engine Power)

ELECTRICAL FIRE IN FLIGHT

1. MASTER SWITCH	OFF
2. VENTS, CABIN AIR, HEAT	CLOSED
3. FIRE EXTINGUISHER	ACTIVATE
4. AVIONICS MASTER	OFF
5. ALL OTHER SWITCHES (except ignition	switch) OFF

WARNING
AFTER DISCHARING FIRE EXTINGUISHER AND
ASCERTAINING THAT FIRE HAS BEEN EXTINGUISHED
VENTILATE THE CABIN

ELECTRICAL FIRE IN FLIGHT

continued
6. VENTS/CABIN AIR/HEATOPEN
When it is ascertained that fire is completely extinguished If fire has
been extinguished and electrical power is necessary for continuance
of flight to nearest airport or landing area.
3
7. MASTER SWITCHON
8. CIRCUIT BREAKERSCHECK for faulty circuit
(do not reset)
9. RADIO SWITCHESOFF
10. AVIONICS MASTER SWITCHON
11. RADIO/ELECTRICAL SWITCHES – ON one at a time
With delay after each until short circuit is localized.
With delay after each until short circuit is localized.
OADIN FIDE
CABIN FIRE
1. MASTER SWITCHOFF
2. VENTS/CABIN AIR/HEATCLOSED
3. FIRE EXTINGUISHERACTIVATE
ONCE FIRE IS OUT – VENTILATE CABIN

ENGINE FIRE DURING START ON THE GROUND

4. VENTS/CABIN AIR/HEAT.....OPEN

5. LAND THE AIRPLANE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

IGNITION SWITCH START - CONTINUE CRANKING
to get a start which would suck the flames and
accumulated fuel into the engine.

If engine starts:

	SHUTDOWN (and inspect for damage)
If engine fails to st	tart: FULL OPEN
5. MIXTURE	IDLE CUT OFF
6. CRANKING	CONTINUE

1900 rom (for a fow minutes)

7. FUEL SHUTOFF VALVE......OFF (pull full out)
8. AUX FUEL PUMP......OFF

9. FIRE EXTINGUISHER.....ACTIVATE 10. ENGINE.....SECURE

a. MASTER SWITCH.....OFF b. IGNITION SWITCH.....OFF

11. PARKING BRAKE......RELEASE
12. AIRPLANE.....EVACUATE

13. FIRE......EXTINGUISH
14. FIRE DAMAGE.....INSPECT

WING FIRE

VVIIVG I IIXL	
1. LANDING/TAXI LIGHT SWITCHES	OFF
2. NAVIGATION LIGHT SWITCH	OFF
3. STROBE LIGHT SWITCH	OFF
4. PITOT HEAT SWITCH)FF

Perform a sideslip to keep the flames away from the fuel tank and Cabin. Land as soon as possible using flaps only as required for final approach and touchdown

FORCED LANDING EMERGENCY

WITHOUT ENGINE POWER

1. PASSENGER SEAT BACKSMOST UPRIGHT
2. SEAT BELTS/SHOULDER HARNESSESSECURE
3. AIRSPEED70KIAS (flaps up) 65KIAS (flaps down)
4. MIXTUREIDLE/CUTOFF
5. FUEL SELECTOR VALVEOFF
6. IGNITION SWITCHOFF
7. WING FLAPSAS REQ(30° recommended)
8. MASTER SWITCHOFF (landing assured)
9. DOORSUNLATCHED (prior to landing)
10. TOUCHDOWNSLIGHTLY TAIL LOW
11 BRAKES APPLY HEAVILY

LOW OIL PRESSURE

- 1. IF A TOTAL LOSS OF OIL PRESSURE IS ACCOMPANIED BY A RISE IN OIL TEMPERATURE, THERE IS GOOD REASON TO SUSPECT AN ENGINE FAILURE IS IMMINENT.
- 2. REDUCE ENGINE POWER IMMEDIATELY AND SELECT A
 SUITABLE FORCED LANDING FIELD. USE ONLY THE MINIMUM
 POWER REQUIRED TO REACH THE DESIRED TOUCHDOWN SPOT

ENGINE ROUGHNESS

1. ENGINE INSTRUMENTS	CHECK
2. FUEL SELECTOR	OTHER TANK
3. MIXTURERE-/	ADJUST FOR
SMOOTH O	PERATIONS
4. MAGNETO/STARTERSELECT R OR	LOR BOTH
IF ROUGHNESS DISAPPEARS ON SINGLE	MAGNETO,
MONITOR POWER AND CONTINUE ON SE	LECTED
MAGNETO	
SEE POH FOR POWER LOSS AND ROUGH ENG	INE WARNINGS
5. Throttle	REDUCE
CHECK TO SEE IF A LESSER THROTTLE SETT	ING CAUSES
ROUGHNESS TO DECREASE	

ALTERNATOR OVERVOLTAGE

IF SEVERE ENGINE ROUGHNESS CANNOT BE ELIMINATED LAND AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.

(ammeter shows overcharge)

1. ALTERNATOR SWITCH)FF
2. NON-ESSENTIAL EQUIPMENT)FF

3. LAND AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.

LOW VOLTAGE

Illumination of the low voltage (VOLTS) annunciator In flight

1. AVIONICS MASTEROFF 2. ALTERNATOR CIRCUIT BREAKER CHECK IN 3. MASTER SWITCH(both sides) OFF 4. MASTER SWITCHON 5. LOW VOLTAGE ANNUNCIATORCHECK OFF 6. AVIONICS.MASTERON
IF VOLTS ANNUNCIATOR ILLUMINATES AGAIN 7. ALTERNATOROFF 8. NONESSENTIAL RADIO AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENTOFF
9. FLIGHTTERMINATE AS SOON AS PRACTICAL

AIRSPEEDS

Engine Failure after Takeoff	
Wing Flaps up	70 KIAS
Wing Flaps down	65 KIAS
Maneuvering Speed:	
2550 Lbs	105 KIAS
2200 Lbs	98 KIAS
1900 Lbs	90 KIAS
Max Glide (Vg)	68 KIAS
Precautionary Landing with Engine Por	wer65 KIAS
Landing Without Engine Power	
Wing Flaps Up	70 KIAS
Win Flaps Down	65 KIAS

NOTE - INTENTIONAL SPINS PROHIBITED